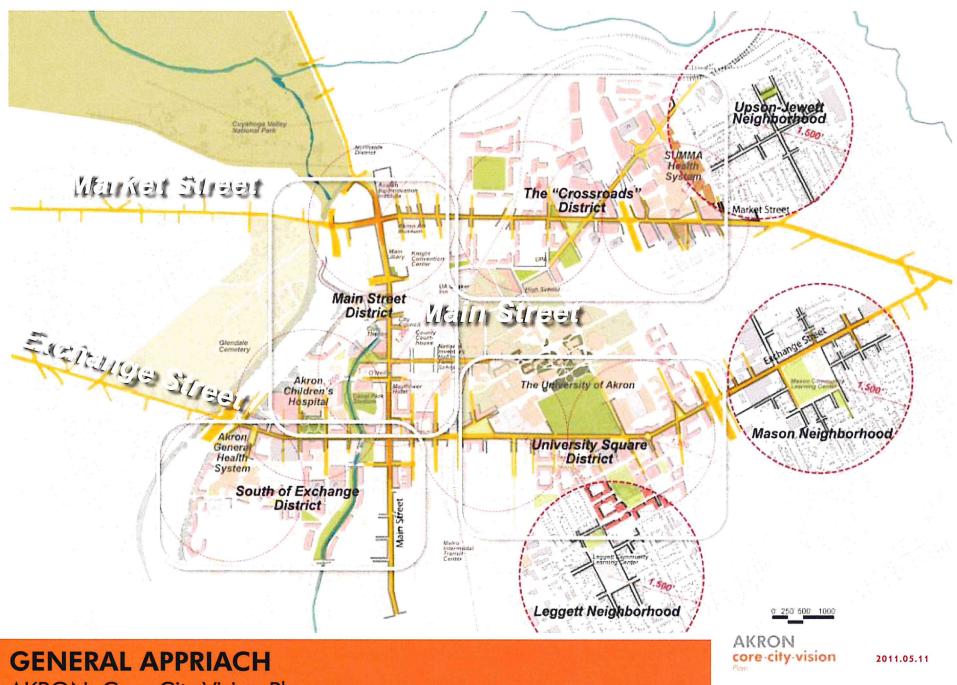
DOWNTOWN AKRON CONNECTIVITY STUDY

THEMES AND GENERAL IDEAS

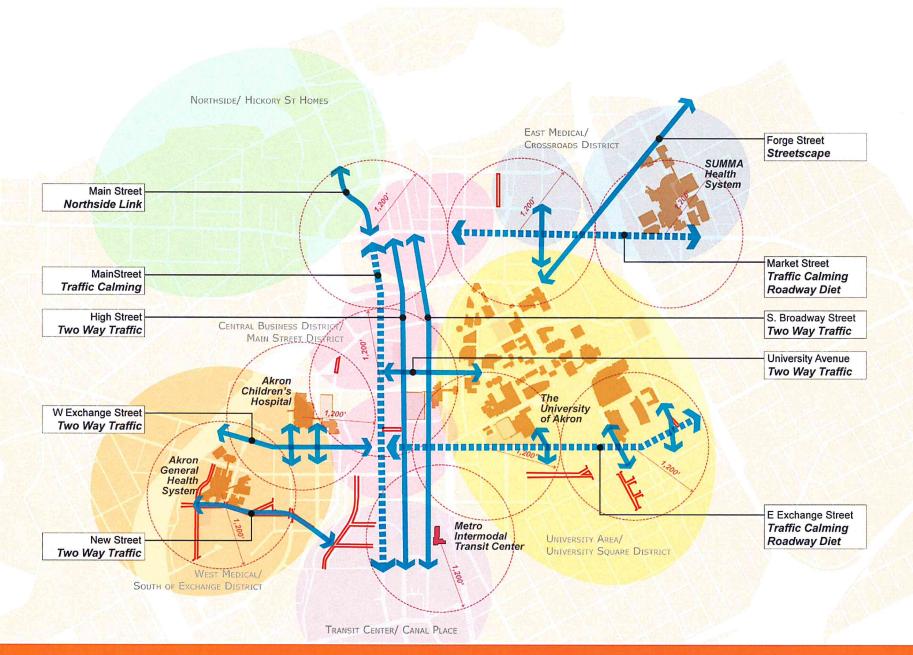
June 23, 2011







AKRON: Core City Vision Plan

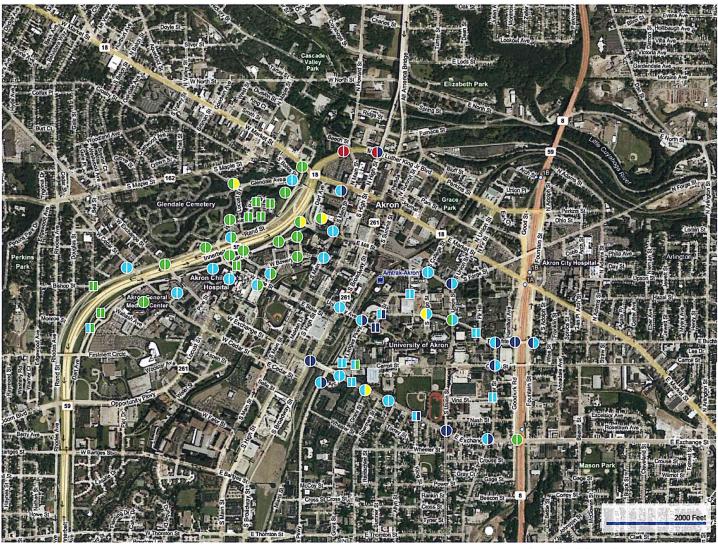


GENERAL APPRIACH

AKRON: Core City Vision Plan

TRAFFIC LEVELS OF SERVICE AND CRASHES

AM/PM Level of Service



Note: Levels of service along Innterbelt are projections for 2030

Level of Service

Signalized Intersections

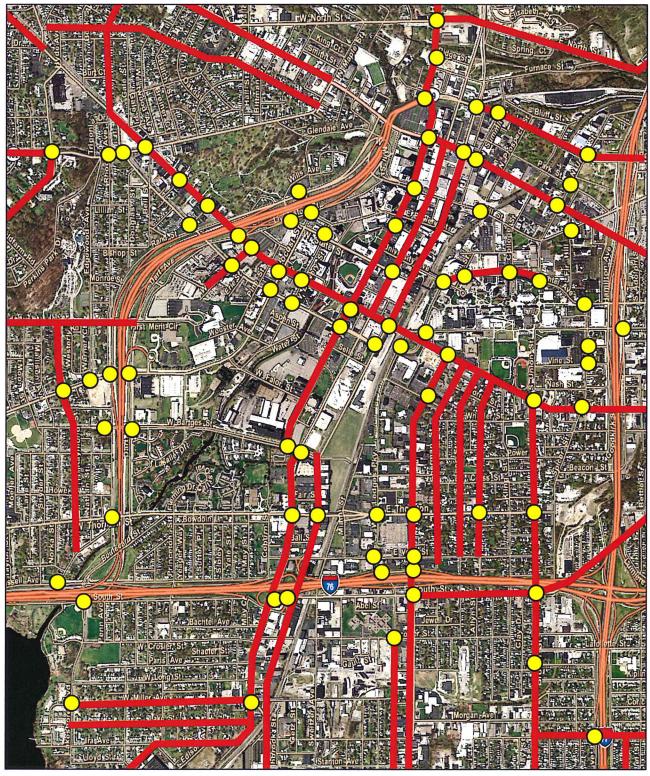
AM/PM

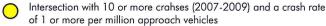
- (LOS of A
- LOS of B
- LOS of C
- LOS of E
- 1000
- (I) LOS of F

Unsignalized Intersections

- LOS of A
- LOS of B
- LOS of C

TRAFFIC LEVELS OF SERVICE AND CRASHES Traffic Crashes



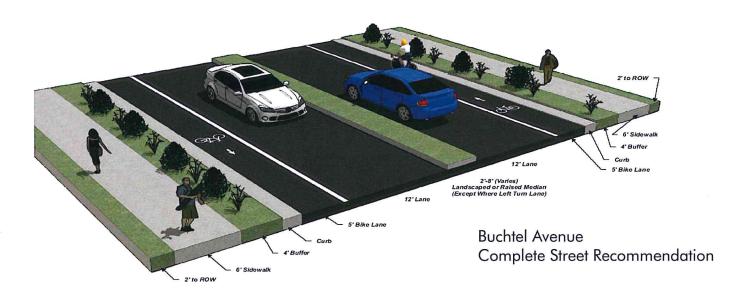


Arterial section with 10 or more crashes per mile (2007-2009) and a crash rate of 1 or more per million vehicle miles traveled

Source: AMATS

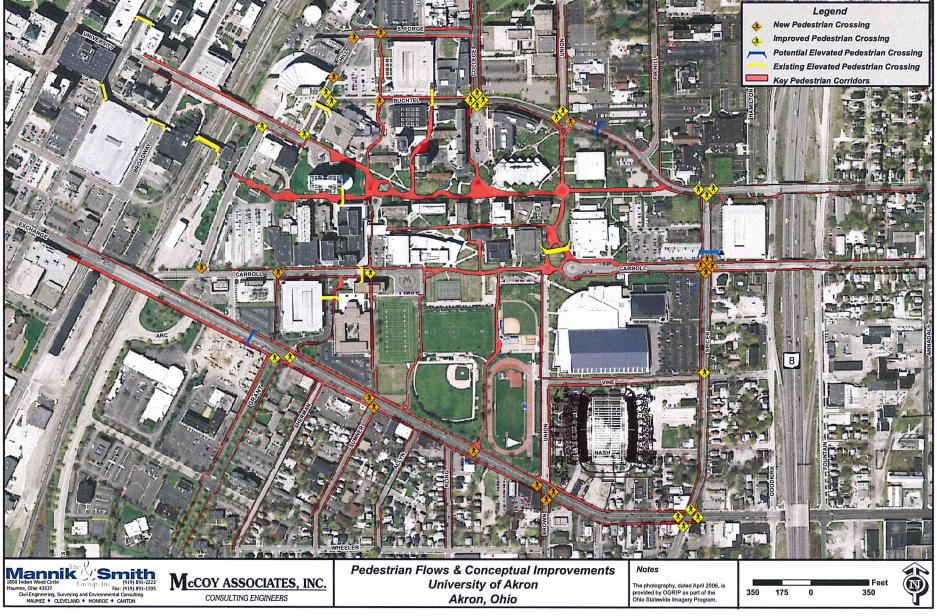
ROADWAY DIET/COMPLETE STREETS

Transportation & Traffic Study: Complete Streets





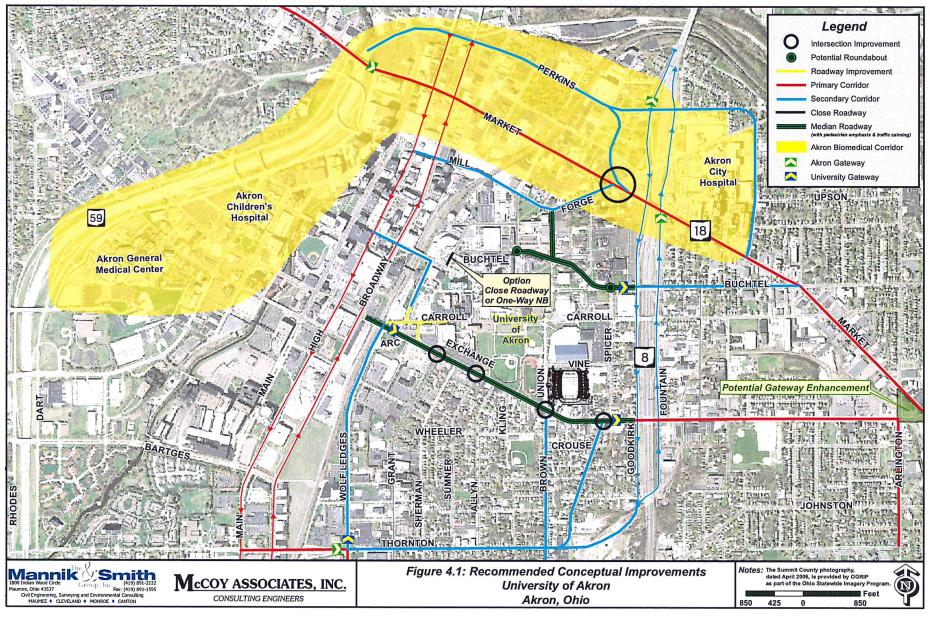
Source: Transportation and Traffic Study, for University of Akron & City of Akron, 2008



Source: Transportation and Traffic Study, for University of Akron & City of Akron, 2008

ROADWAY DIET/COMPLETE STREETS

Transportation & Traffic Study: Pedestrian Improvements



Source: Transportation and Traffic Study, for University of Akron & City of Akron, 2008

ROADWAY DIET/COMPLETE STREETS

Transportation & Traffic Study: Recommended Capital Improvements

PEDESTRIAN FRIENDLINESS

Ground Floor Design



A — active

Small units, many doors
(15 – 20 doors per 100 m/328 feet)
Large variation in function
No blind and few passive units
Lots of character in façade relief
Primarily vertical façade articulation
Good details and materials



B — friendly

Relatively small units (10 – 14 doors per 100 m/328 feet) Some variation in function Few blind and passive units Façade relief Many details



C — mixture

Large and small units (6 – 10 doors per 100 m/328 feet) Modest variation in function Some blind and passive units Modest façade relief Few details



D — boring

Large units, few doors (2 – 5 doors per 100 m/328 feet) Almost no variation in function Many blind or uninteresting units Few or no details



E — inactive

Large units, few or no doors (o – 2 doors per 100 m/328 feet) No visible variation in function Blind or passive units Uniform façades, no details, nothing to look at

Source:

"Close Encounters With Buildings," Urban Design International, 2006 Further developed: Gehl Architects — Urban Quality Consultants, 2009





















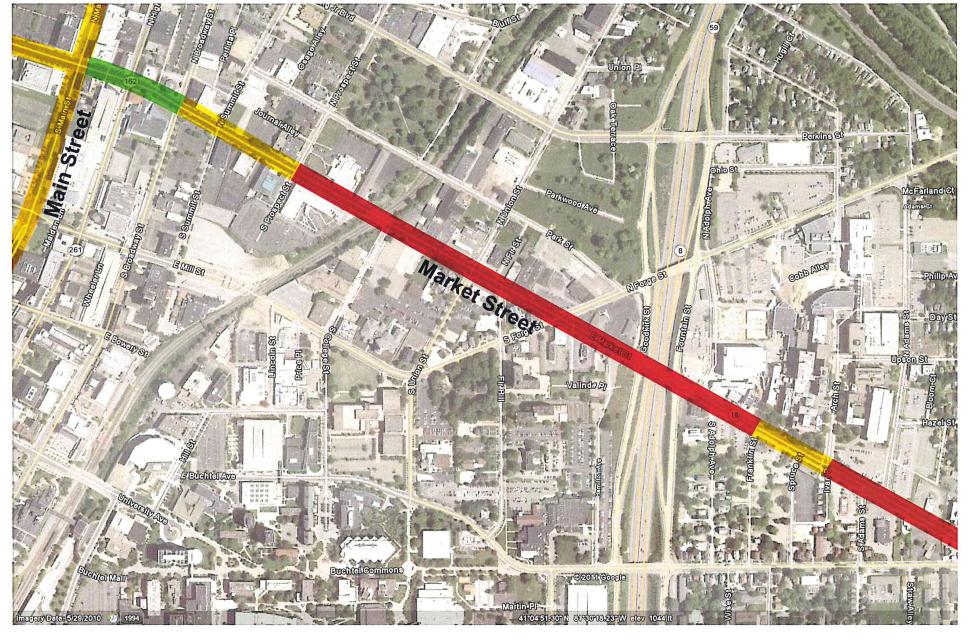
Pedestrian Environment in Study Area

Market Street

Akron, Ohio









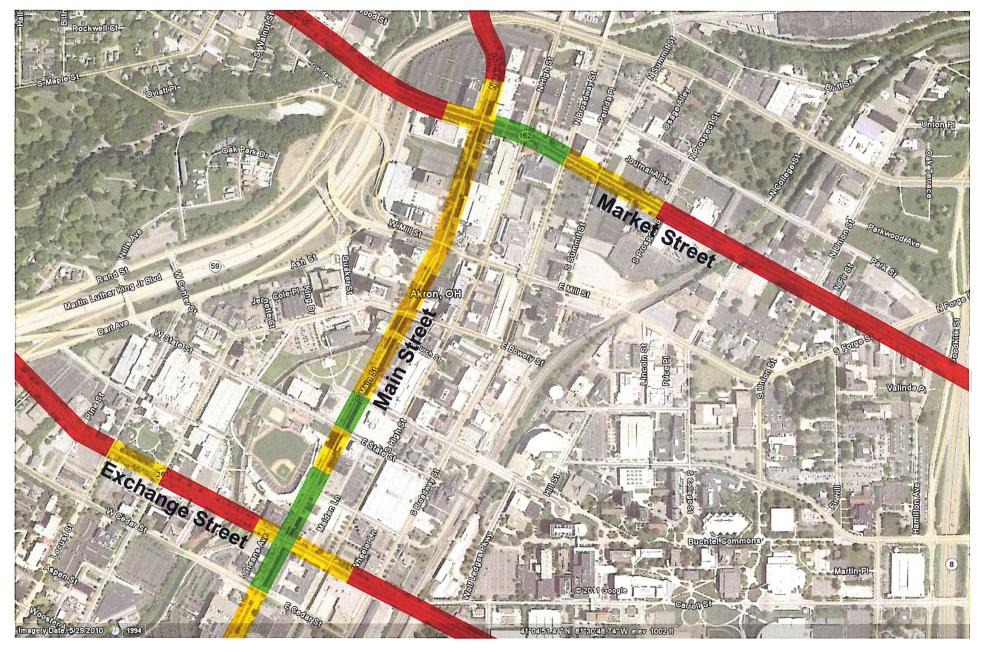
Pedestrian Environment in Study Area

Market Street

Akron, Ohio









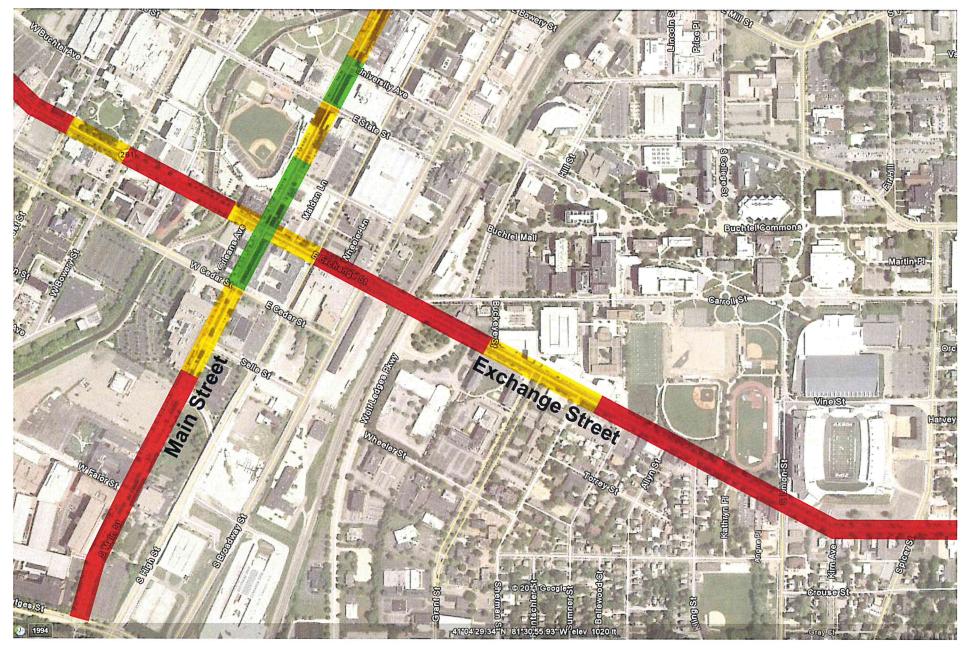
Pedestrian Environment in Study Area

Main Street

Akron. Ohio









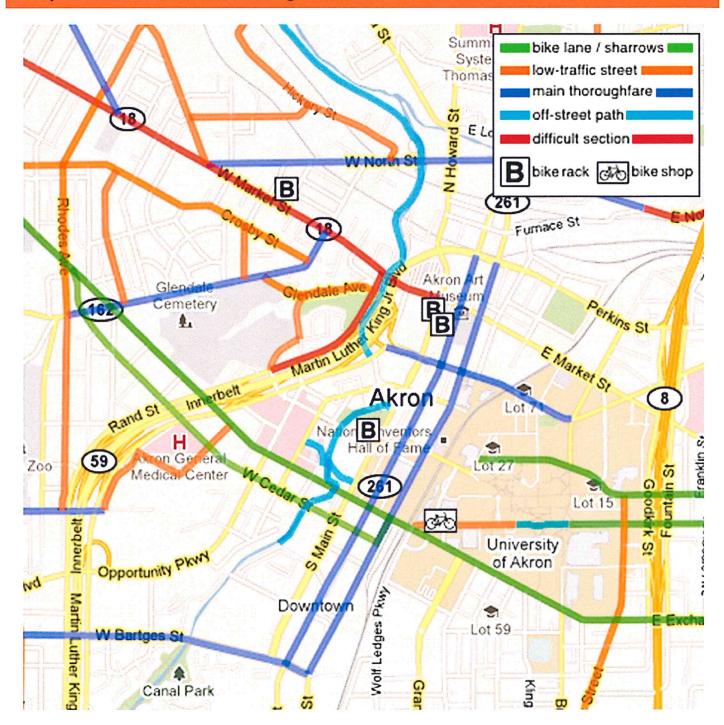
Pedestrian Environment in Study Area **Exchange and Main Street**Akron, Ohio





BICYCLE IMPROVEMENTS

Bicycle Facilities and Strategies



Bicycle Plan (2009) Overall Goals:

"Establish a bikeway network throughout the City (approximately 228 miles or 25% of total roadway mileage) that contains a variety of signage, markings and facilities that decreases barriers to cycling and increases connectivity to schools, work, libraries, commerce and the regional trail system."

BICYCLE IMPROVEMENTS

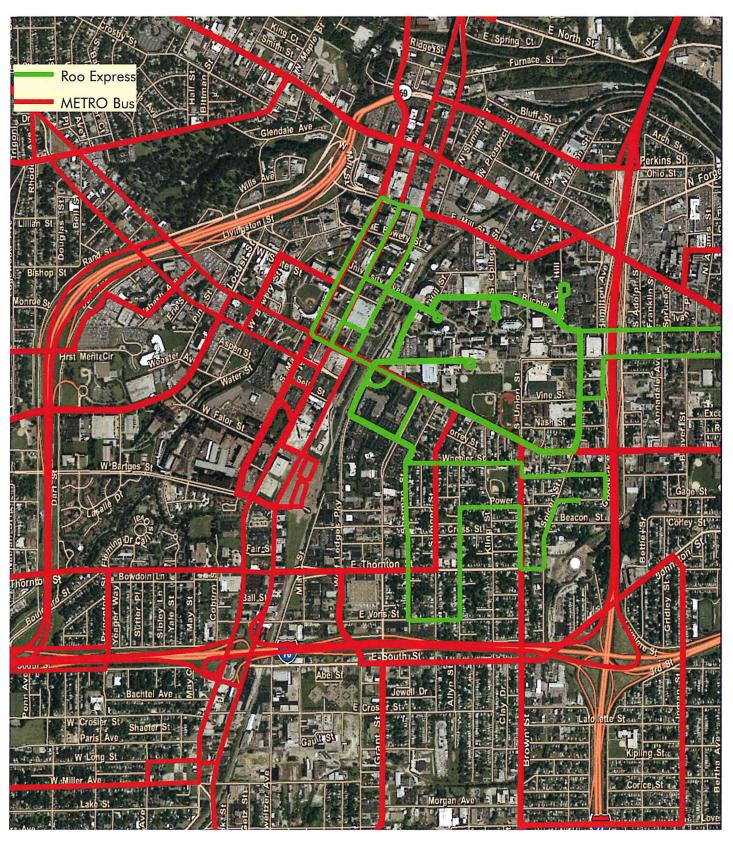
Bike Lane Examples: New York City





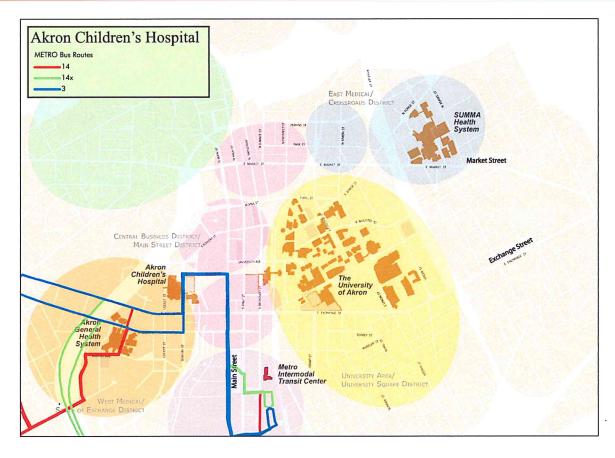


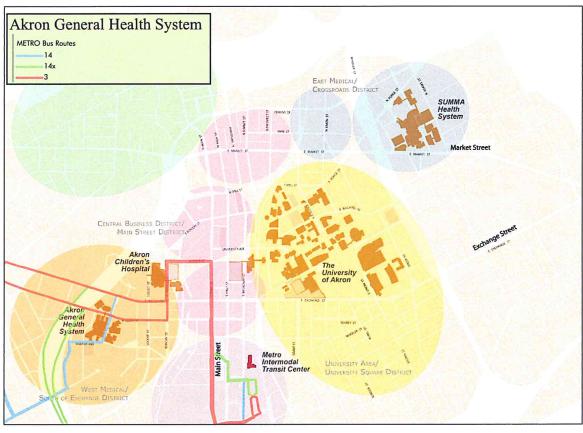
Bus Services



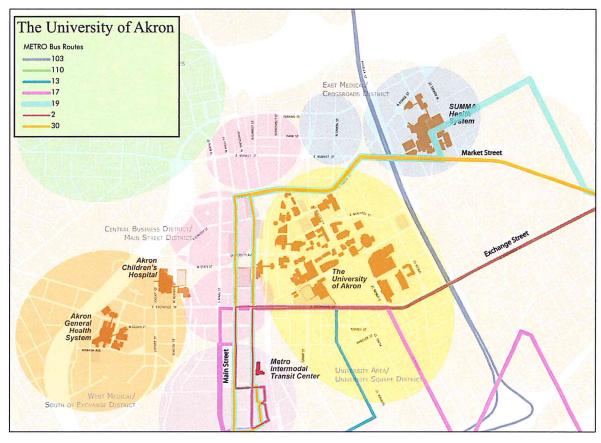
Source: City of Akron- 2011

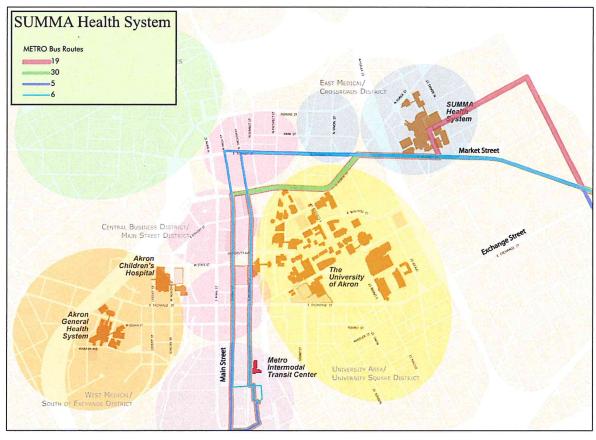
Bus Services



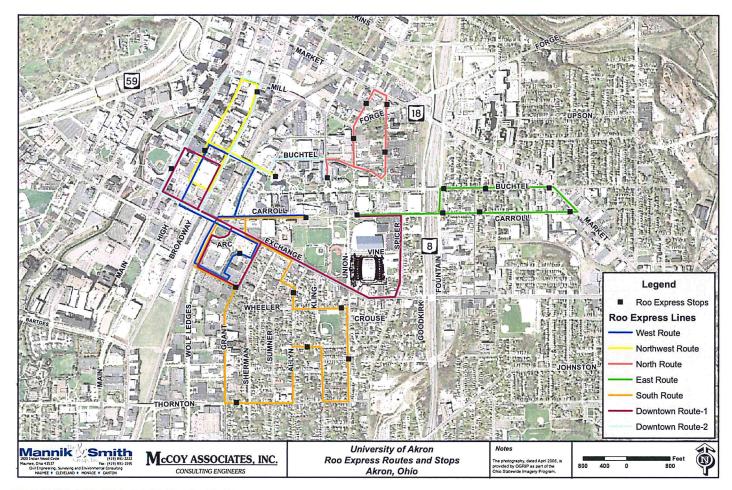


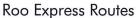
Bus Services

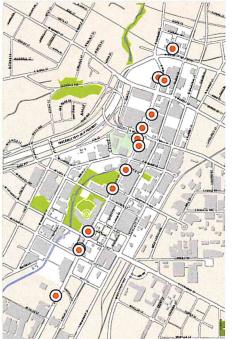




Roo Express and Trolley Routes





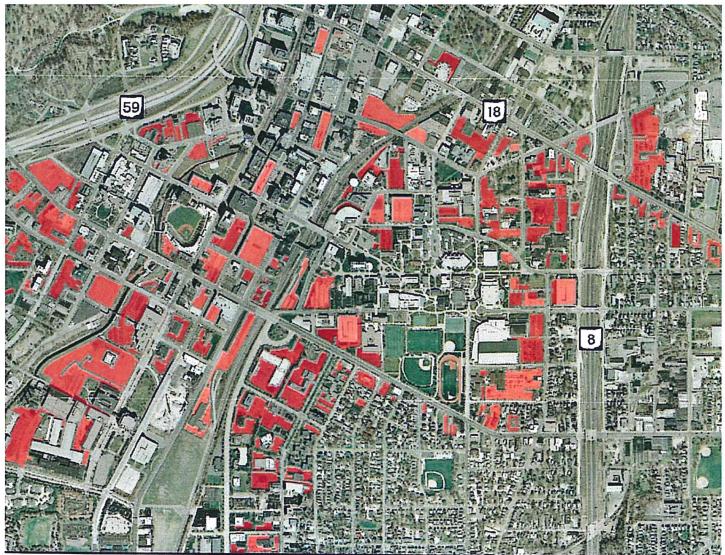


Downtown Lunch Trolleys along Main Street Fridays, 11am-2pm

Source: Transportation and Traffic Study, for University of Akron & City of Akron, 2008

PARKING

Parking Inventory and Strategies



Source: Connecting Communities, AMATS, 2010

Smart Parking Policies for Sustainable Communities

- Adjust the zoning ratios to actual demand
- Allow and encourage off-site parking, park & walk
- Allow and encourage shared parking
- Do not reserve/designate individual spaces
- "Municipalize" parking facilities
- Allow and encourage in-lieu parking fees
- Encourage valet parking, robotic parking
- Set parking meter rates for 85% occupancy, i.e. to always have 15% of spaces vacant



BFJ Planning